

## VOCABULARY

### ADJECTIVES TO DESCRIBE INVENTIONS

- 1 Complete the advert with the adjectives in the box. Use the definitions in brackets to help you.

edible portable unique flimsy biodegradable  
durable groundbreaking novel stunning clip-on

### All you need for a perfect picnic

#### Eating easily

Are you fed up with <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (always breaking) plastic knives and forks? Our new <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (will last for years) models can be re-used and their <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (new) design makes it easy to fit them in your basket.

#### Keeping food cool

Our <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (light and easy to carry) fridge is ideal for family picnics. It uses <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (innovative) solar technology to keep your food cool on a sunny day so that it's still <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (you can eat it) even after several hours.

#### Keeping clean

Less washing, more fun! Our new range of <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (can be attached to clothes) serviettes come in <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (very attractive) colours that your children will love. They are <sup>9</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (can be thrown away without harming the environment).

These designs are <sup>10</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (only found here) – you won't find them anywhere else. Click [here](#) to see and order our products.

## READING

- 2 What do you think are the most important inventions of the past 200 years? Read the article. Does it mention any of your ideas?

- 3 Read the article again and answer the questions.

- 1 What did Bell do when communication companies dismissed his invention?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 2 Why did de Forest think that television would not be a successful invention?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 3 What does the author suggest children liked doing at the turn of the century?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 4 Why did some critics decide not to review the iPad when it was launched?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 5 What does the author say we need to have in order to recognise genius inventions?  
\_\_\_\_\_

- 4 Match the words in bold in the article with definitions 1–5.

- 1 not accepted \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 have become more important \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 ready or prepared \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 possible \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 looking at something for a long time \_\_\_\_\_

# CHANGING THE WORLD

Inventors have often been ridiculed when they first suggest a groundbreaking device or idea. From the aeroplane to the first moon landing, critics initially thought the concepts were impossible or would never be a commercial success, but often they were proved wrong. Modern technology has developed from many ideas that were originally regarded as absurd.

#### The nineteenth and twentieth centuries

Let's start with the telephone. Invented by Alexander Graham Bell in the 1870s, his device was **rejected** by communications companies at the time as being no more than a toy. The head of the British Post Office even asked why we would need such a gadget when telegrams and the messenger service, where couriers directly transported important written messages, worked so well. Bell had to found his own company to produce his invention.

And then there's television. In the early 1900s an American inventor, Lee De Forest, who is known as 'the grandfather of television' because of his inventions in sound recording technology, actually said, 'While theoretically and technically television may be **feasible**, commercially and financially it is an impossibility, a development of which we need waste little time dreaming.' Even as late as 1946 one movie producer said, 'People will get tired of **staring** at a plywood box every night.' Tell that to the parents of children at the turn of this century!

#### The twenty-first century

Can you imagine a modern home without a PC? In the early days of computers, few could predict how computers would be used at home. Nowadays we can't live without them unless you have a smartphone that does everything for you – another unimaginable idea a few years ago! And amongst the young, watching

a computer screen has **overtaken** the TV as a free time activity.

Do you remember when the iPad was launched in 2010? The idea was to create a device that was more portable than a computer but easier to use for sending emails and browsing the internet than a smartphone. At the time, Bill Gates thought it was 'nice', but nothing special. Some critics thought it wasn't even worth reviewing and predicted that it would be a failure, but it turned out to be a huge success.

#### Scared of change?

Why do people often reject innovation? It may be because they are afraid of change – they prefer what they know or it may be that they are not **willing** to take risks, particularly financial risks. Or maybe it's because they like to find fault and lack imagination. While you are reading this, amazing ideas are being thought up which will, no doubt, change our world.

## GRAMMAR

## QUESTION FORMS; INDIRECT QUESTIONS

5 Find and correct the mistakes in the sentences. Two sentences are correct.


- 1 Could you tell me where is the bathroom?
- 2 Do you know if he's coming tomorrow?
- 3 Who did design that building?
- 4 How many people do live in this house?
- 5 Do you remember where does he live?
- 6 Can you tell me when she went home?
- 7 Why he bought that strange machine?
- 8 Do you know why did he leave his job?

6 Write questions for the underlined information in the answers.

- 1 Where was he living in 1985?  
In 1985 he was living in Manchester.
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_  
She should tell him the answer.
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_  
She visited her cousins last Sunday.
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_  
Only two families live in the apartment block.
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_  
They take the dog out every morning.
- 6 \_\_\_\_\_  
His grandmother left him 10,000 pounds.

7 Rewrite the questions as indirect questions.

- 1 When did she leave the party?  
Can you tell me when she left the party ?
- 2 How often do you shop in this mall?  
Can I ask \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- 3 Why does he get home so late every day?  
Can you tell me \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- 4 Are they going to finish on time?  
Could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- 5 Who have you invited for dinner?  
Can I ask \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- 6 Will you be available tomorrow?  
Can you tell me \_\_\_\_\_ ?

8 A  2.1 Listen and decide which of the statements are questions. Put a question mark after the statement questions.

- 1 Her son made that model. He's very talented.
- 2 She's got three daughters.
- 3 They've already been to Paris.
- 4 He's fifty. He doesn't look that old.
- 5 You thought it was good.

B Listen again and repeat. Copy the intonation.

## WRITING

## A PRODUCT DESCRIPTION; LEARN TO WRITE PERSUASIVE COPY

9 A Underline the correct alternatives to complete the advert.



Tantam Total Cream is the world's <sup>1</sup>most/more effective wrinkle remover.

Specially <sup>2</sup>creating/created for mature skin, you will see results in less than a month.

It contains tea tree oil, which is <sup>3</sup>truly/actually refreshing and <sup>4</sup>enhances/provides your complexion.

So why <sup>5</sup>not/don't try a free sample today from your local store?  
Be <sup>6</sup>sure/clear to use this coupon!

**Special offer!** Tantam Total Cream  
**Free!** Redeemable in all participating stores.  
Offer valid till end March

B The advert in Exercise 9A uses the following structure. Look back at the advert and match sections 1–4 with questions a)–d).

- |                       |                                  |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 introduction        | a) What should you do right now? |
| 2 main details        | b) Who is the product for?       |
| 3 further information | c) What is the product for?      |
| 4 closing incentive   | d) What is the product made of?  |

10 Read the product description below. Match tips a)–e) for writing persuasive copy with the words/phrases in bold in the product description.


- a) Explain the benefits of the product.
- b) Use adjectives that appeal to the reader's emotions.
- c) Use rhetorical questions to attract the reader's attention.
- d) Give details of what the product is like.
- e) Use superlative language.

<sup>1</sup>Are you looking for the ultimate in comfortable sports shoes?

You need go no further than DV Sportswear. Our special offer, for this week only, is DVX men's and women's running shoes. Using breathable fabric to keep your feet drier and cushioned soles for comfort, they come in both <sup>2</sup>**slim fit and wide fit models**.

For either regular walking or jogging, you'll need the support these shoes can offer. These <sup>3</sup>**stylish trainers**, with their bold colourful design, will make you stand out from the crowd.

This high-quality, durable product is the <sup>4</sup>**best value** for money and <sup>5</sup>**will** protect your feet for miles and miles.



11 Write a product description for something you own that you want to sell on a website (100–150 words). Use the ideas in Exercise 10B and the tips in Exercise 11.

## VOCABULARY


### BUILDINGS

**1 A** Put the letters in brackets in the correct order to complete the sentences with words for buildings.


- When I was a child, we used to play in the \_\_\_\_\_ (narb) on my grandfather's farm.
- The \_\_\_\_\_ (globwuan) has only one floor, so it's easy to move from one room to another.
- One of the finest buildings in the city is the \_\_\_\_\_ (aldchetra), which is still used for religious services.
- Residents are opposing the plans for a textile \_\_\_\_\_ (ryafotc) because they think it will contaminate the river.
- Although it's cold, my plants are doing well in the \_\_\_\_\_ (srgeheueno).
- The explorers made a \_\_\_\_\_ (tresleh) from tree branches, where they spent the night.
- The explosion occurred in a \_\_\_\_\_ (urohwaese) where they kept fireworks and other explosives.
- The energy company chose a \_\_\_\_\_ (dimliwnl) as their symbol because they specialise in wind turbines.

**B** Complete the sentences with words from Exercise 1A.

- The old \_\_\_\_\_ on the hill was used in the past to grind wheat to make flour.
- We've got a small \_\_\_\_\_ in the garden where we grow tomatoes.
- There's a large \_\_\_\_\_ next to the farmhouse where they keep the tractors.
- The company has a \_\_\_\_\_ where they store the goods before distribution.
- My grandfather can't manage stairs any more, so he's going to live in a \_\_\_\_\_.
- I can't believe you got married in a \_\_\_\_\_! You must have good connections in the church.
- He's homeless, but he's made a cardboard \_\_\_\_\_ in the park where he sleeps.
- They're planning to build a car \_\_\_\_\_ near the town, which will provide jobs for the locals.

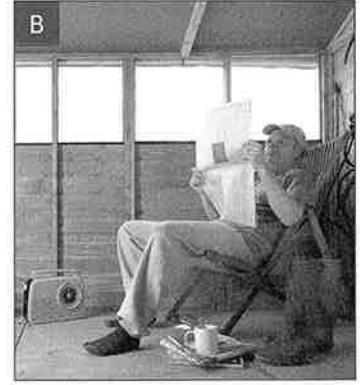
**2 A**  2.2 Listen to six sentences and number words a)–f) in the order you hear them.


- |                 |                    |
|-----------------|--------------------|
| a) castle _____ | d) mosque _____    |
| b) school _____ | e) design _____    |
| c) island _____ | f) architect _____ |

**B**  2.3 Listen and repeat the words from Exercise 2A. Underline the silent letters.

## LISTENING

**3** Look at the photos. What kind of building do they show?



**4 A**  2.4 Listen to a radio interview about an unusual competition. What is the competition called?

**B** How do people in Britain use their sheds? Tick the ways you heard.

- as a storage space for garden tools
- as a place to sleep
- as a place to escape to
- as an art studio
- as a children's play area
- as a dining room
- as a bathroom
- as a shop

**C** Listen again and circle the correct answer, a), b) or c).

- What do some men avoid doing after meals?
  - storing tools
  - washing-up
  - clearing the table
- What do women often do to their sheds that men maybe don't do?
  - decorate them
  - personalise them
  - rebuild them
- What have some people set up in their shed?
  - a school
  - a business
  - a club
- What do the sheds in the competition have in common?
  - They are unique.
  - They have wooden walls.
  - They are ecological.
- What recycled materials have some people used to make their sheds?
  - plastic
  - paper
  - cartons
- Who decides the winner of the Shed of the Year competition?
  - the owners
  - the judges
  - the public
- What is more popular in a shed than a wheelbarrow?
  - wi-fi
  - a fridge
  - a TV
- According to psychologists, what elements improve productivity in the workplace?
  - light and ventilation
  - light and comfortable furniture
  - light and warmth

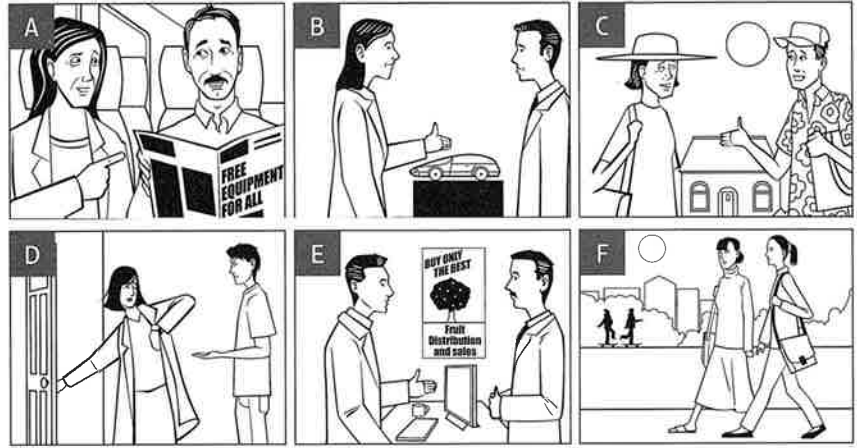


## VOCABULARY

### PROJECTS

1 Circle the correct answer, a), b) or c), to complete the sentences.

- We'll need to find a \_\_\_\_\_ to get funds to set up the factory.  
a) budget    b) promotion  
c) sponsor
- Have you found a \_\_\_\_\_ for the event yet?  
a) venue    b) equipment  
c) management
- The most important factor in a good hotel is the \_\_\_\_\_ that provide the service.  
a) tool    b) business  
c) personnel
- We have a good \_\_\_\_\_ for the school this year, thanks to a donation.  
a) budget    b) financing  
c) publicity
- My brother is working on \_\_\_\_\_ funds for the local homeless shelter.  
a) needing    b) raising  
c) calling
- If you get good marks, the university will give you a \_\_\_\_\_ for your living expenses.  
a) grant    b) cut  
c) fund
- An article in the paper about the company is always good \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) publicity    b) advertisement  
c) event
- He organises the \_\_\_\_\_ of the company, such as transport and distribution.  
a) funding    b) equipment  
c) logistics
- We're on a very tight \_\_\_\_\_. Everything has to be done by Monday.  
a) time    b) schedule  
c) promotion
- I can't \_\_\_\_\_ a new car, so I'll have to borrow some money.  
a) promote    b) finance  
c) sponsor



## FUNCTION

### JUDGING AND EVALUATING IDEAS

2 A 2.5 Listen and match conversations 1–6 with pictures A–F.

1 \_\_\_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_\_\_ 6 \_\_\_\_\_

**B** Listen again and complete the phrases used in each conversation.

- |                     |                               |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1 I like the _____. | 4 That might _____.           |
| 2 How does _____?   | 5 I have my _____ about that. |
| 3 That's a _____.   | 6 That seems like a _____.    |

**C** Listen again and underline the correct alternatives to complete the sentences.

- The businessman is *pleased/unhappy* with the new model being developed.
- The man *completely agrees with/is doubtful about* the woman's suggestion.
- The second woman *agrees/disagrees* with the boys' proposal.
- The woman thinks the man's suggestion is *a possible/an impossible* solution.
- The man *likes/dislikes* the government's proposal.
- The businessmen *agree/disagree* about the best place to store the fruit.

## LEARN TO

### GIVE PRAISE

3 Put the letters in brackets in the correct order to complete the conversations.

- A: Have you heard that Joe has got a scholarship to university?  
B: That's \_\_\_\_\_ (sitcatfna)!
- A: The funding for our project has been approved.  
B: \_\_\_\_\_ (leecxltne)! So we can start tomorrow.
- A: I've just been promoted.  
B: \_\_\_\_\_ (olsumrvale)! You deserve it.
- A: We got top marks for the new design.  
B: \_\_\_\_\_ (moaswee)! You have worked hard.
- A: I won first prize in the race.  
B: That's \_\_\_\_\_ (izganam)! You'll be in the Olympics next.
- A: My maths teacher said I was the best in the class.  
B: \_\_\_\_\_ (rfwodelnu)! I'm so proud of you.
- A: I've managed to fix your bike.  
B: \_\_\_\_\_ (abnliilrt)! Let's go for a ride.

## VOCABULARY LIFESTYLE

## 1 Complete the sentences. Use one adjective in each gap.

- 1 People who have \_\_\_\_\_ jobs, such as office workers, need to make sure they get up and move every so often.
- 2 The ambulance staff work \_\_\_\_\_ hours, often doing fourteen-hour shifts.
- 3 I don't mind you phoning me at 8a.m. You know I'm a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ bird – I'll be up at seven.
- 4 So, your hobbies include running, skiing and water polo. You do have a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ lifestyle!
- 5 The desert people lead a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ life, moving in search of water every few days.
- 6 The documentary discusses ways of \_\_\_\_\_ living, such as going to live in a Buddhist community.

## GRAMMAR THE PASSIVE; CAUSATIVE HAVE

## 2 Complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first. Use up to four words.

- 1 They have told me to come to this hospital.  
I *have been told* to come to this hospital.
- 2 A professional plumber repaired the sink for me.  
I \_\_\_\_\_ by a professional plumber.
- 3 Someone sent me an anonymous message.  
I \_\_\_\_\_ an anonymous message.
- 4 No one said anything about payment for the service.  
Nothing \_\_\_\_\_ about payment for the service.
- 5 People throw rubbish into the wrong container.  
Rubbish \_\_\_\_\_ into the wrong container.
- 6 I asked a mechanic to look at the brakes.  
I \_\_\_\_\_ at by a mechanic.
- 7 Someone made a dress for Jo when she was in Spain.  
Jo \_\_\_\_\_ when she was in Spain.
- 8 The police may charge him with obstruction.  
He \_\_\_\_\_ with obstruction.

## VOCABULARY PLUS MULTI-WORD VERBS

## 3 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in the box. You need to use some verbs more than once.

keep put take hand look

- 1 He has just \_\_\_\_\_ over the position of marketing director – his predecessor retired.
- 2 I expect to \_\_\_\_\_ over the business to my partner in a few years.
- 3 You can't keep \_\_\_\_\_ off going to the dentist. No more excuses!
- 4 The queen \_\_\_\_\_ the throne down to her second son before she died.
- 5 The police are \_\_\_\_\_ into the case of the stolen jewels.
- 6 I find it difficult to \_\_\_\_\_ up with the changes in technology.

## VOCABULARY VERB + PREPOSITION

## 4 Circle the correct answer, a), b) or c) to complete the sentences.

- 1 She's \_\_\_\_\_ by the number of emails she gets – over 200 a day!  
a) struggled b) overwhelmed c) taken
- 2 You need to make time \_\_\_\_\_ yourself and do things you enjoy.  
a) to b) for c) at
- 3 I've let the electricity bills \_\_\_\_\_ up and now I can't pay them all.  
a) grow b) work c) pile
- 4 He's got no control \_\_\_\_\_ his dog – it bit the delivery boy.  
a) over b) on c) with
- 5 She \_\_\_\_\_ on a new cleaning job to get some extra money.  
a) took b) carried c) kept
- 6 This summer I want to take some time \_\_\_\_\_ to travel before I start university.  
a) over b) out c) for
- 7 You don't need to race \_\_\_\_\_ so much trying to do everything – I can help you.  
a) around b) along c) out
- 8 My grandmother is \_\_\_\_\_ with her new TV. She can't make it work.  
a) running b) annoying c) struggling

## GRAMMAR PRESENT TENSES

## 5 Complete the report with the present simple or present continuous form of the verbs in brackets.

This report <sup>1</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (give) our findings for the company in the first six months of business. At the moment we <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (make) good progress because the market <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (grow) and we <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (have) good prospects for next year. Our customers <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (know) that we provide quality services. However, there has been a problem with the printers in the second factory that <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (constantly/break down). It <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (seem) that the workers <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (not realise) that the machines <sup>9</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (require) regular maintenance. We have found that they <sup>10</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (often/leave) them on all night, but we <sup>11</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (do) our best to solve these issues. Next week we <sup>12</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (hold) training sessions for all staff.

**FUNCTION** DESCRIBING EVERYDAY OBJECTS

6 Complete the descriptions of objects with the words/phrases in the box. There are three extra words/phrases. Then circle the object which is being described, a), b) or c).

practical sentimental a bit heavy need it to a bit old-fashioned not too difficult made of no good for use it when use it for

**A** My favourite one was given to me by my grandmother, but I do have a more modern version as well. I <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ people come for lunch and I want something pretty to put on the table afterwards. It's ceramic, so it's <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_, but if I don't fill it too much, it's <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ to carry. I also have some matching cups that are irreplaceable, so I look after them carefully.  
**a)** a coffee pot    **b)** a sculpture    **c)** a penknife

**B** Although it may seem strange, mine has real <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ value for me because my sister gave it to me for my twenty-first birthday. Nowadays it's <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ but I don't <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ more than calling friends as I use my laptop for everything else. Oh, and I <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ tell the time as well!  
**a)** a phone    **b)** a watch    **c)** a charger

**LEARN TO** RESPOND TO SUGGESTIONS

7 Complete the conversations with sentences a)–e).

**A:** Joan, we really need a new sofa for the living room.  
**B:** <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_  
**A:** I've got a catalogue here from the store. Do you want to have a look at it with me?  
**B:** <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_  
**A:** Oh, I'm not sure about that. It isn't very practical and red isn't my colour.  
**B:** <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_  
**A:** Why would you choose that? It looks really uncomfortable. I'd say we should go for this one made of leather.  
**B:** <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_  
**A:** Ah! Here's one that's a reasonable price and a nice colour too.  
**B:** <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_  
**A:** Sure. Let's go this weekend.

**a)** Maybe you're right. How about this one with wooden arms?  
**b)** Hmm ... let me see. It looks OK. Shall we go to the store and check it out?  
**c)** OK, great. Ooh! Look at this red velvet one! Isn't it gorgeous?  
**d)** Are you joking? It's so expensive!  
**e)** I was thinking the same thing.

**VOCABULARY** ADJECTIVES TO DESCRIBE INVENTIONS

8 Complete the adjectives in the sentences.

- That phone cover was very fl \_\_\_\_\_. It broke after a few days.
- His gr \_\_\_\_\_ work into cancer research has led to the new drug being produced.
- I've just bought cl \_\_\_\_\_ lights for my bike that I can attach to the wheels.
- The detergent is bi \_\_\_\_\_ and environmentally friendly.
- Don't eat those berries. I don't think they are ed \_\_\_\_\_, so they might make you feel ill.
- The tablet can be used as a po \_\_\_\_\_ television so you can watch it wherever you are.

**GRAMMAR** QUESTION FORMS; INDIRECT QUESTIONS

9 Complete the indirect questions.

- A:** Can you tell me \_\_\_\_\_?  
**B:** The bathroom is through that door on the left.
- A:** Would you tell me \_\_\_\_\_?  
**B:** We took the photo for the school magazine.
- A:** Do you remember \_\_\_\_\_?  
**B:** No, I've no idea. Maybe I bought it last year.
- A:** Can I ask \_\_\_\_\_?  
**B:** I'm forty-five years old.
- A:** Do you know \_\_\_\_\_?  
**B:** Yes, the ticket costs five pounds.
- A:** Can you tell me \_\_\_\_\_?  
**B:** He calls me once a week.

**VOCABULARY** BUILDINGS

10 Read the descriptions and write the types of building.

- I can't imagine living there because it's so dark and cold. Being underground and having no windows must be horrible. \_\_\_\_\_
- The walls are round, so it's difficult to find furniture that will fit, but it's in a beautiful location on the top of a hill. I suppose it was built there to catch the wind when it was working. \_\_\_\_\_
- It's outside the city centre, so it's cheaper than using a central location to store your products. \_\_\_\_\_
- I've never seen such a magnificent structure. It's taller than any other building in the city and visitors can go there to admire the architecture or to pray. \_\_\_\_\_
- We keep the food for the animals here and there's space for the tractor too. \_\_\_\_\_
- It's quite old now and some of the glass is broken, but I used to grow plants in it in the winter. \_\_\_\_\_

**GRAMMAR** PRESENT PERFECT SIMPLE AND CONTINUOUS

**11** Complete the letter with the present perfect simple or present perfect continuous form of the verbs in brackets.

Dear Alice,

Great news! We <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (move) into our new house.

To be more precise, we <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (live) here for a week now and I love it! There's a lot to do with the property but we <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (already/begin) the renovations.

Over the last week I <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (paint) the bedrooms

and I <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (nearly/finish) both of them. The

bathroom is a bit old-fashioned but we <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_

(choose) to only change the shower for the moment and

leave the rest. The kitchen was a disaster and Jack

<sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (take) out the old cupboards little by little.

He <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (not do) them all yet, so we can't eat

there. We <sup>9</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (cook) in the living room, using

a little gas stove. Meanwhile, the children <sup>10</sup> \_\_\_\_\_

(start) at their new school and come home every day with

stories about who they <sup>11</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (meet) and what

they <sup>12</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (do) all day.

You must come and see us. (When we have a kitchen!)

Lots of love,

Theresa

**VOCABULARY PLUS** WORD-BUILDING: PREFIXES AND SUFFIXES

**12** Add a prefix or suffix to the words in brackets to complete the sentences.

- The government is feeling \_\_\_\_\_ (hope) that the economy will improve next year.
- If your computer freezes, you can \_\_\_\_\_ (set) it using this button.
- Some important \_\_\_\_\_ (universe) human rights are freedom, equality and education.
- The player broke his ankle \_\_\_\_\_ (match), so they had to stop the game and take him to hospital.
- The politician tried to \_\_\_\_\_ (inform) the press by telling lies about his part in the scandal.
- If you make a mistake, you'll have to \_\_\_\_\_ (do) the whole project.
- Did you \_\_\_\_\_ (hear) what I asked you to do? Why have you done it wrong?
- Be careful because there are several species of \_\_\_\_\_ (poison) snakes in the area.
- I think my students are \_\_\_\_\_ (interested) in the subject because they never pay attention.
- My job is made easier because my \_\_\_\_\_ (workers) are so great to work with.

**VOCABULARY** PROJECTS

**13** Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

schedule fundraising promotion budget  
equipment financing publicity grants  
venue sponsors

- We can use part of our annual \_\_\_\_\_ to pay for the new offices.
- You shouldn't go rock-climbing without the correct safety \_\_\_\_\_.
- The supermarket has a new \_\_\_\_\_: two for the price of one on most products.
- They've chosen a really good \_\_\_\_\_ for the concert that is easy to get to on public transport.
- My new boss has changed the \_\_\_\_\_ for the project, so we have even less time to complete it.
- The government is offering \_\_\_\_\_ for disadvantaged students who want to study abroad.
- Do you think you'll get \_\_\_\_\_ from the bank for your project?
- Running a marathon is a good way of \_\_\_\_\_ for charity.
- We forgot to put their name on the T-shirts, so our \_\_\_\_\_ are not happy.
- You should include TV and radio adverts as part of your \_\_\_\_\_ campaign.

**FUNCTION** JUDGING AND EVALUATING IDEAS

**14** Cross out four extra words in each conversation.

- A:** So, what do you think about our project?  
**B:** I'm sure it has a potential. You've got some great ideas, but maybe you should to redo the schedule. I think you're a bit too much optimistic about the time it's going to take.  
**A:** How about three weeks instead of two? How does that may sound?  
**B:** Probably better, just to be safe.
- A:** So where are we going to get financing for this?  
**B:** I thought we could try on the local council. They offer grants for young entrepreneurs.  
**A:** That might be work. When do we need to apply?  
**B:** The deadline is next week.  
**A:** There's no any way we can get it organised by then!  
**B:** So, it's being out of the question. We'll have to think of somewhere else.
- A:** I reckon the best venue for the graffiti exhibition is an art gallery.  
**B:** Well, that's might a possibility, but won't it be expensive?  
**A:** You're probably with right. What about the local youth centre?  
**B:** That's a one non-starter. You know the council don't like graffiti.  
**A:** OK. Let's to look on the internet for other possibilities.



## CHECK

Circle the correct answer, a), b) or c), to complete the sentences.

- 1 You should avoid a lifestyle that is too \_\_\_\_ if you want to keep your weight down.  
a) sedentary    b) active    c) nomadic
- 2 We need to \_\_\_\_ into Chinese. Do you know any good translators?  
a) have translated a report  
b) have a report translated  
c) have translate a report
- 3 When \_\_\_\_?  
a) was reported the robbery  
b) had the robbery reported  
c) was the robbery reported
- 4 The new TV \_\_\_\_ delivered this afternoon.  
a) is    b) is being    c) is been
- 5 SuperChain is going to take \_\_\_\_ the smaller supermarket in the town.  
a) after    b) over    c) up
- 6 There's no train, so she has to put \_\_\_\_ with daily traffic jams to get to work.  
a) off    b) up    c) on
- 7 During the crisis, control was \_\_\_\_ over to the army.  
a) handed    b) taken    c) looked
- 8 She's completely \_\_\_\_ by running such a large company.  
a) raced    b) struggled    c) overwhelmed
- 9 Don't let your homework pile \_\_\_\_ until the last minute. Do some now!  
a) by    b) over    c) up
- 10 Even if you have a lot of work, you should \_\_\_\_ time for your family.  
a) take    b) make    c) tell
- 11 The delegates \_\_\_\_ the Prime Minister tomorrow to discuss the problem.  
a) are seeing    b) see    c) have seen
- 12 I like John but he \_\_\_\_ to like me very much.  
a) isn't seeming    b) not seems    c) doesn't seem
- 13 A calculator is \_\_\_\_ for the maths exam.  
a) definite    b) pointless    c) indispensable
- 14 You can use this paper for \_\_\_\_ notes.  
a) making    b) make    c) to make
- 15 The hurricane destroyed the \_\_\_\_ wooden houses.  
a) flexible    b) flimsy    c) groundbreaking
- 16 Is this plastic \_\_\_\_ enough to use to make furniture?  
a) portable    b) durable    c) unique
- 17 Do you know why \_\_\_\_ two days off work?  
a) does he want    b) do he want    c) he wants
- 18 Can you tell me where \_\_\_\_ that evening?  
a) did she go    b) she went    c) did she went
- 19 Who \_\_\_\_ my phone number?  
a) did give you    b) did you gave    c) gave you
- 20 The new film stars the world's \_\_\_\_ actor, Sam Brook.  
a) funniest    b) funnier    c) funny
- 21 The refugees have made \_\_\_\_ out of plastic boards.  
a) shelters    b) barns    c) factories
- 22 The children \_\_\_\_ in the garden and their clothes are filthy!  
a) have played    b) have been playing  
c) have being played
- 23 The artist \_\_\_\_ two paintings so far this week and hopes to sell more before the weekend.  
a) sold    b) has sold  
c) has been selling
- 24 I \_\_\_\_ where I put my address book. Can you help me find it?  
a) forgot    b) have forgotten  
c) have been forgetting
- 25 He \_\_\_\_ the timetable and was late for the train.  
a) misread    b) disread    c) reread
- 26 The final scene was very \_\_\_\_ and we all cried.  
a) emotioned    b) emotionable    c) emotional
- 27 I think we need to \_\_\_\_ the schedule. We'll never keep to the current dates.  
a) cwork    b) rework    c) miswork
- 28 They received a substantial \_\_\_\_ from the local authorities to start the business.  
a) fundraising    b) grant    c) venue
- 29 It's difficult to find a \_\_\_\_ for research projects these days.  
a) promotion    b) budget    c) sponsor
- 30 I'm not \_\_\_\_ about that.  
a) convinced    b) doubts    c) possible

RESULT /30