


LISTENING

1 A  6.1 Listen to a radio programme and match people 1–4) with actions a)–d).

- | | |
|------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 Jeff Rochford | a) helped children in need |
| 2 Jamal Rutledge | b) used children for experiments |
| 3 Hell's Angels | c) gave up a criminal life |
| 4 Jonas Salk | d) saved a policeman |

B Listen again and circle the correct answer, a), b) or c).

- What was Jeff doing when he saw the emergency?
 - robbing a house
 - cleaning windows
 - turning into the street
- What are Jeff's plans for the future?
 - to help people change their lives
 - to join the emergency service
 - to become an athlete
- Why were people surprised by Jamal Rutledge's actions?
 - He captured a criminal.
 - He helped a colleague.
 - He didn't try to escape.
- What did the Hell's Angels do to help children?
 - They gave to a charity.
 - They bought them motorbikes.
 - They treated them gently.
- What was Jonas Salk famous for?
 - working hard
 - helping children
 - medical discoveries



Hell's Angels

2 A Match words 1–5 from the recording with definitions a)–e).

- | | | |
|-----------|-------------|------------|
| 1 behaved | 3 inspired | 5 separate |
| 2 cases | 4 reconcile | |
- get/stay away from
 - acted
 - gave (someone) the good idea (to do something)
 - examples
 - make opposite ideas consistent with each other

B Complete the presenter's comments with the words in Exercise 3A. Listen again and check your answers.

- Perhaps the praise he was given _____ him to do even more good work.
- These were individuals who _____ in an admirable way.
- Do people need to _____ themselves from bad influence?
- How can people _____ robbery and violence on one hand, and acts of kindness on the other?
- There are plenty of _____ where the good are bad and the bad are good.

GRAMMAR

MODALS OF DEDUCTION

3 Match sentences 1–8 with sentences a)–h).

- He should know the answer.
 - He won't come in to the office today.
 - He shan't drink alcohol at the party.
 - He can't be away today as well.
 - He shouldn't get angry.
 - He must be at home tonight.
 - He could be in the mountains today.
 - He won't be late.
- The meeting has been put off till tomorrow.
 - He's got to drive home.
 - He's always punctual.
 - He never goes out in the evenings.
 - He was on holiday last week.
 - He enjoys hiking.
 - He's really well-informed.
 - He understands the difficulties we've had.

4 Underline the correct alternatives to complete the sentences.

- I'm not sure where she is, but she *might/can* be in the bathroom.
- Don't forget the map or you *should/'ll* get lost.
- They've been working since 5a.m., so they *must/shouldn't* be exhausted.
- He said that was Tim's wife, but that *can't/mustn't* be right – Tim's not married.
- The National Museum *may not/could* be interesting, but I'd prefer to see the main square.
- I *shan't/shouldn't* tell anyone, I promise.
- I reckon they *should/won't* be here at about 10 o'clock if they catch the 9.15 train.
- He always gets up early, so he *won't/might* be annoyed if you phone him at 8.30.
- Her story *may/must* be true, but I have my doubts.
- Why is he wearing such a smart suit? *Could/Won't* he be going for a job interview?

VOCABULARY

EXTREME ADJECTIVES

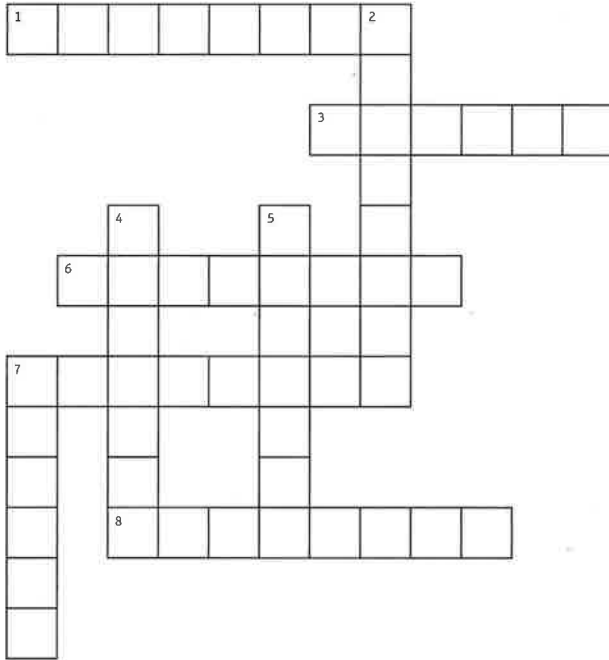
5 Read the clues and complete the crossword.

Across

- 1 very beautiful
3 very crowded
6 very big
7 very cold
8 very clean

Down

- 2 very hungry
4 very ugly
5 very old
7 very dirty



6 Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

spotless ancient packed gigantic hideous
astonished starving filthy terrifying gorgeous

- Tommy, your hands are _____ after playing in the garden! Go and wash them before you eat.
- The island was almost destroyed by the _____ wave from the tsunami.
- That orange dress with big pink flowers on it is _____. I don't know how she can wear it!
- I missed lunch today, so now I'm _____.
- I hate horror films. I find them _____ and I don't like being scared.
- When you run a restaurant, the tablecloths and napkins need to be _____ or the customers will think the place is dirty.
- My teacher was _____ when I got the highest mark. I'm usually near the bottom of the class.
- My friends gave me a(n) _____ necklace for my birthday. It's so beautiful!
- He discovered the origin of the legend when he read some _____ documents from the twelfth century.
- The tube train gets so _____ in the rush hour that sometimes you can't even get on and have to wait for the next one.

VOCABULARY PLUS

TWO-PART PHRASES

7 A Match 1–10 with a)–j) to make two-part phrases.

- | | |
|------------|-----------|
| 1 again | a) tired |
| 2 bright | b) bustle |
| 3 hustle | c) square |
| 4 loud | d) downs |
| 5 fair and | e) dine |
| 6 round | f) again |
| 7 sick | g) early |
| 8 ups | h) round |
| 9 give | i) clear |
| 10 wine | j) take |

B Complete the sentences with the phrases in Exercise 7A.

- I've told you _____ not to leave your towel on the bathroom floor. Why do you still do it?
- I really enjoy the _____ of the busy market on a Sunday morning.
- The match was won _____ by the Italian team, according to the rules.
- This connection is great – I can hear you _____.
- The company will _____ the visiting delegates in the best restaurants.
- We drove _____ the town but we couldn't find the hotel.
- As a business, we've had our _____ but currently everything is going well.
- There has to be some _____ if we want to reach an agreement.
- We need to leave _____ before the morning traffic gets too heavy.
- He's _____ of working nights and wants to change to a day job.



READING

1 Do the quiz.

HOW GOOD ARE YOU ... REALLY?

- 1** A man is running for a crowded train. You see him coming and you could stand in the door to stop it closing. You:
- keep the door open for him with a smile.
 - leave the door but look apologetic when it shuts in his face.
 - turn away – if he hadn't been late, he wouldn't have this problem.
 - deliberately** shut the door as the train's already running late and you need it to leave.
- 2** A colleague at work has **confided in you** that he's really struggling financially. It's his daughter's birthday in a week and he can't afford to buy her anything. You:
- give him a loan out of your savings and offer to take him out for a coffee to **cheer him up**.
 - try to be sympathetic and make some suggestions for cheap gifts.
 - feel embarrassed and smile but change the conversation.
 - explain the dangers of debt to him – if he'd thought more about his spending, he wouldn't be in this position.
- 3** A wealthy woman, loaded with jewellery and expensive clothes, steps out of a taxi. As she leaves, a necklace drops to the floor. You:
- rush** after her and give her the necklace back with no thought of reward.
 - shout, 'Excuse me,' and worry what to do when she disappears from sight.
 - ignore the necklace – she clearly has too many things anyway – but decide you're not going to take it as you might be accused of stealing.
 - pick up the necklace, laugh at the woman's misfortune and say, 'She's got so much more money than me!'
- 4** A friend tells you that she's met this really fit man. You know the person in question, and that's he's not kind. You:
- listen to her thoughts but firmly tell her not to **pursue** the relationship, even when she gets angry.
 - listen to her and suggest that he's not quite right but that ultimately, **it's up to her**.
 - sit and nod, and don't say a word about what you think. **Who are you to judge anyway?**
 - look at her impatiently. You're not really interested in her love life and you don't consider her a good friend anyway.



Results

Mostly a)s: You may be going over the top with your good intentions, feeding people's bad habits and generally letting people take advantage of you.

Mostly b)s: Your heart is in the right place, but you need to be careful that people don't take advantage of you.

Mostly c)s: You tend to ignore other people's misfortune and distance yourself by not getting involved.

Mostly d)s: You're mean! How can you treat people like that!

2 Match the words in bold in the quiz with definitions 1–6.

- | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1 continue with _____ | 4 it's her decision _____ |
| 2 go quickly _____ | 5 intentionally _____ |
| 3 told you a secret _____ | 6 make him feel happier _____ |

VOCABULARY

MONEY

3 Underline the correct alternatives to complete the sentences.

- We can offer you a starting *salary/income* of £25,000 the first year.
- The *money/currency* of Thailand is the baht.
- I spent nearly all my *savings/currency* on a new car.
- He offered a *reward/donation* of £100 to the person who found his dog.
- Entry is free but you are kindly asked to make a *salary/donation*.
- If your annual *income/reward* is over £21,000, you have to pay twenty percent tax.
- He was so poor he couldn't even *fund/afford* to buy new shoes.
- Don't spend more than you earn or you'll always be in *debt/savings*.

4 Complete the article with the words in the box.

wealth savings salaries reward
poverty fund donations debts
afford income

Changing generations

Millennials, those born after 1980 and reaching adulthood at the turn of the century, have very different expectations to their parents. They often cannot ¹ _____ to leave their parents' home, and many of those who do have their own homes live in ² _____ because the ³ _____ they might earn are very low and often they have little hope of increasing their ⁴ _____.

In many cases, the ⁵ _____ for doing a good job is being allowed to stay in the company. Most of the young adults who have been to university have huge ⁶ _____ to repay for their education and don't even dream of having ⁷ _____ for the future. The government won't ⁸ _____ projects for those who are nearly forty but these same people won't be able to retire at the same age as their parents do. However, they are very socially-aware and many of them make ⁹ _____ to charity. They also travel more than previous generations and although they don't have financial ¹⁰ _____, they have the compensation of enriching experiences that their parents never had.

GRAMMAR

THIRD AND MIXED CONDITIONALS

5 Match 1–5 with a)–j) to make sentences. Choose two possible endings for each sentence.

- 1 If the couple had talked about their problems,
 - 2 If the students had paid more attention,
 - 3 If they had taken the underground instead of the bus,
 - 4 If the teachers hadn't been trained,
 - 5 If the neighbours had listened to the flood warnings,
- a) their classes wouldn't be so effective.
 - b) they wouldn't have been late for the meeting.
 - c) they would have found the difficult children hard to handle.
 - d) they wouldn't have got divorced.
 - e) they would have left their homes in time.
 - f) they'd still be together.
 - g) they would have realised that they had the test today.
 - h) their furniture would be safe.
 - i) they wouldn't feel unprepared.
 - j) they would be at work already.

6 Complete the third conditional sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

- 1 She wouldn't have left (not leave) him alone in the house if she had known (know) he was a thief.
- 2 If you _____ (not tell) him, he _____ (not be) angry.
- 3 If Tim _____ (feel) any sympathy for his friend, he _____ (help) him.
- 4 The tree _____ (not fall) if the wind _____ (not be) so strong.
- 5 If the fire _____ (start) on the ground floor, many people _____ (not escape).
- 6 We _____ (never/discover) the beautiful statues if we _____ (not visit) the old temple.
- 7 If she _____ (not stop) to talk to me, I _____ (not hear) the news about Larry.
- 8 If I _____ (not have) a compass, I _____ (lose) my way.
- 9 They _____ (not be) able to go on holiday if they _____ (not save) some money.
- 10 The plant _____ (not die) if you _____ (water) it more often.

WRITING

A THANK YOU MESSAGE; LEARN TO USE FORMAL/INFORMAL EXPRESSIONS

7 Read the thank you messages below and answer the questions.

- 1 Which one is formal and which one is informal?
- 2 Which one is from a former employee to a boss?
- 3 Which one is from an exchange student to the family he stayed with?

A To: Megan From: Benji

Hi Megan,

Just writing to say thanks ever so much for everything last month. I had such a great time staying with you and getting to know your family. I can't wait to see you next month. We can party in a club and hang out with my friends.

Say hi to Steve from me!

Love,
Benji

B To: Peter Sutton From: Michael Gravy

Dear Mr Sutton,

I am writing to thank you **very** much for **providing** a reference for my job application. I **greatly appreciate your help**. You will **be pleased to hear that** I was offered the **position**.

Please **do not hesitate to contact me** if I can help you in return.

Yours sincerely,
Michael Gravy

8 A Imagine message B is from a former employee who has an informal relationship with his boss. Replace the phrases in bold with the phrases in the box.

ever so giving all the best great news! Hi Peter Mike
just writing job your help is much appreciated get in touch

B Rewrite message A to make it more formal. Use some of the phrases in the box.

warm regards I'm looking forward to go out in the evening
send my regards thank you very much indeed meeting
Dear I am writing

9 Read the message and write a thank you message to Mrs Gordon.

Dear Ms Tully,

I attach a cheque for £500 as a contribution to your Children in Need fundraising project. I am afraid that I will not be able to participate as a volunteer, but I hope this donation will help you reach your target.

I look forward to receiving news of how the project is progressing.

Yours sincerely,
Emily Gordon (Mrs)

VOCABULARY

HAPPINESS

- 1 A Replace the words in bold in the sentences with the phrases with the opposite meaning in the box.

takes great pleasure in has a good time
looks on the bright side of
is contented with is on top of the world
lives in the moment

- 1 He's won the gold medal and **feels really depressed**. He's never been so happy.
- 2 He has such a positive attitude to life. He **finds something negative** in everything, even when it's been a disaster.
- 3 The shopkeeper **really hates** serving each customer personally.
- 4 She **doesn't enjoy herself** when she meets her friends at the weekend.
- 5 He always **worries about the future**, which helps him to make the most of every day.
- 6 She **feels dissatisfied with** what she has and doesn't expect anything more.

B Complete the conversations with the phrases in the box in Exercise 1A.


- A:** So, are you looking forward to the family reunion? Wow! Is your grandfather really going to be 100 years old?
- B:** Yes, he is! It's amazing, isn't it? And he ¹takes great pleasure in seeing us all, even though his hearing is not as good as it was. It should be fun to see my cousins again as well.
- A:** Oh yes, how's your cousin Ronnie? He went to live in Australia, didn't he?
- B:** Yeah, and he's really happy. In fact, he ²_____ because he's just got married.
- A:** That's great! What's his wife like?
- B:** She's the sort of person who always ³_____ life, which balances Ronnie's negative personality.
- A:** So, it sounds like he ⁴_____ his life abroad. And his sister, Jan?
- B:** Ah, Jan. You know she still ⁵_____ and has few ambitions for the future. But she's coming especially from Scotland for the party.
- A:** Well, I hope your grandfather ⁶_____!
- B:** I'm sure he will.

FUNCTION

ASKING FOR AND EXPRESSING AGREEMENT/DISAGREEMENT

- 2 Complete the questions with question tags.

- 1 This is a great party, _____?
- 2 You need to enjoy what you do, _____?
- 3 She didn't have fun, _____?
- 4 They're living in the countryside, _____?
- 5 He's got the best idea, _____?
- 6 Everything will be fine, _____?

- 3 A  6.2 Listen to six conversations. Do the speakers agree (A) or disagree (D)?

- | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|
| 1 _____ | 3 _____ | 5 _____ |
| 2 _____ | 4 _____ | 6 _____ |

B Underline the correct alternatives to complete the conversations. Listen again and check your answers.

- 1 **A:** I reckon we should get out of the city next weekend.
B: I really/totally/very agree. Let's go to the beach.
- 2 **A:** The best way to diet is to stop eating.
B: I don't think it/so/well. You'll make yourself ill.
- 3 **A:** You need to accept your past and move on, don't you?
B: No way!/It really does!/Absolutely! It's more important to look to the future.
- 4 **A:** Nothing's better than lying by a pool in the sun.
B: That's such a/so/much true – and with a good book.
- 5 **A:** I think the government has made a mistake.
B: I'd say the opposite/truth/right. They're doing a good job.
- 6 **A:** You should try salsa classes if you want to meet people.
B: No way!/That's right!/Totally! I'm no good at dancing.

LEARN TO

AGREE USING SYNONYMS

- 4 A Match words 1–5 with their near synonyms a)–e).

- | | |
|---------------|------------------|
| 1 salary | a) pleasure |
| 2 ecological | b) natural |
| 3 really cold | c) never on time |
| 4 a good time | d) freezing |
| 5 unpunctual | e) income |

B Complete the conversations with the words in Exercise 4A.

- 1 **A:** It was _____ yesterday, wasn't it?
B: Yeah, it was _____. I had to wear ski socks!
- 2 **A:** He's late again! He's so _____!
B: I know. He's _____.
- 3 **A:** The monthly _____ is very good in your new job, isn't it?
B: Yes, I'll finally have a decent _____.
- 4 **A:** You had _____ at the dinner, right?
B: Yes, I did. It was a real _____ meeting everyone.
- 5 **A:** I think it's important to buy _____ produce.
B: Absolutely! _____ products are much better for you.