

1.

1.1.

modus, modulus,
, modello - , *modelo -*
, modell - , *Modell -*

$$m \frac{d^2 \xi(t)}{dt^2} = -\psi \xi(t), \quad (1.1.1)$$

$\xi(t) = \dots$; $m = \dots$; $\psi = \dots$

; $\psi \xi(t) = \dots$, \dots

$$\frac{\psi}{m} = \omega_0^2, \quad \xi(t) = z, \quad (1.1.1)$$

$$\frac{d^2 z}{dt^2} + \omega_0^2 z = 0. \quad (1.1.2)$$

C , $\dot{t} = q(t)$,
 $- L$,

$$L \frac{d^2 q(t)}{dt^2} + \frac{q(t)}{C} = 0. \quad (1.1.3)$$

$$\frac{1}{LC} = \omega_0^2, \quad q(t) = z$$

(1.1.2),

1.

2.

3.

$$\begin{array}{l}
 l_{1A}, l_{2A}, \dots, l_{nA}; \alpha_{1A}, \alpha_{2A}, \dots, \alpha_{nA} \\
 n - \quad A, \\
 l_{1B}, l_{2B}, \dots, l_{nB}; \alpha_{1B}, \alpha_{2B}, \dots, \alpha_{nB} \\
 n - \quad B, \\
 : \\
 \left. \begin{array}{l}
 \frac{l_{1A}}{l_{2B}} = \frac{l_{2A}}{l_{2B}} = \dots = \frac{l_{nA}}{l_{nB}} = m_l; \\
 \frac{\alpha_{1A}}{\alpha_{1B}} = \frac{\alpha_{2A}}{\alpha_{2B}} = \dots = \frac{\alpha_{nA}}{\alpha_{nB}} = m_\alpha = 1.
 \end{array} \right\} \quad (1.1.4)
 \end{array}$$

(1.1.4)

$$(\quad) m_l \quad m_\alpha,$$

(1.1.4) — m_l

m_α . (1.1.4)

Oxy :

$$x_{iA}, y_{iA}$$

$$x_{iB}, y_{iB}$$

$$\frac{x_{iA}}{x_{iB}} = m_x, \frac{y_{iA}}{y_{iB}} = m_y, m_x = m_y, \quad (1.1.5)$$

$x_i \quad y_i -$

(A B)

(1.1.5)

$$\frac{z_{iA}}{z_{iB}} = m_z, \quad (1.1.6)$$

$$m_x = m_y = m_z.$$

$$(x_{i_A}, y_{i_A}, z_{i_A}) \quad (x_{i_B}, y_{i_B}, z_{i_B}) \quad (1.1.5)$$

$$\frac{x_{i_A}}{x_{i_B}} = m_x, \frac{y_{i_A}}{y_{i_B}} = m_y, \frac{z_{i_A}}{z_{i_B}} = m_z$$

, $m_x \neq m_y = m_z$.

A

$$F(P_1, P_2, \dots, P_n) = 0$$

$$P_1, P_2, \dots, P_n,$$

n -

$$x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n,$$

$$P_1, P_2, \dots, P_n$$

$$x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n.$$

B,

$$f(R_1, R_2, \dots, R_n) = 0.$$

$$R_1, R_2, \dots, R_n,$$

$$P_1, P_2, \dots, P_n,$$

$$R_1, R_2, \dots, R_n$$

$$\frac{P_1}{R_1} = m_1, \frac{P_2}{R_2} = m_2, \dots, \frac{P_n}{R_n} = m_n, \quad (1.1.7)$$

A B

$$P_i,$$

$$R_i,$$

$$m_1, m_2, \dots, m_n$$

m_i

x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n

(1.1.7)

$(\quad , \quad),$
 $(\quad , \quad),$
 $(\quad , \quad),$

1.3.

(1.1.7)

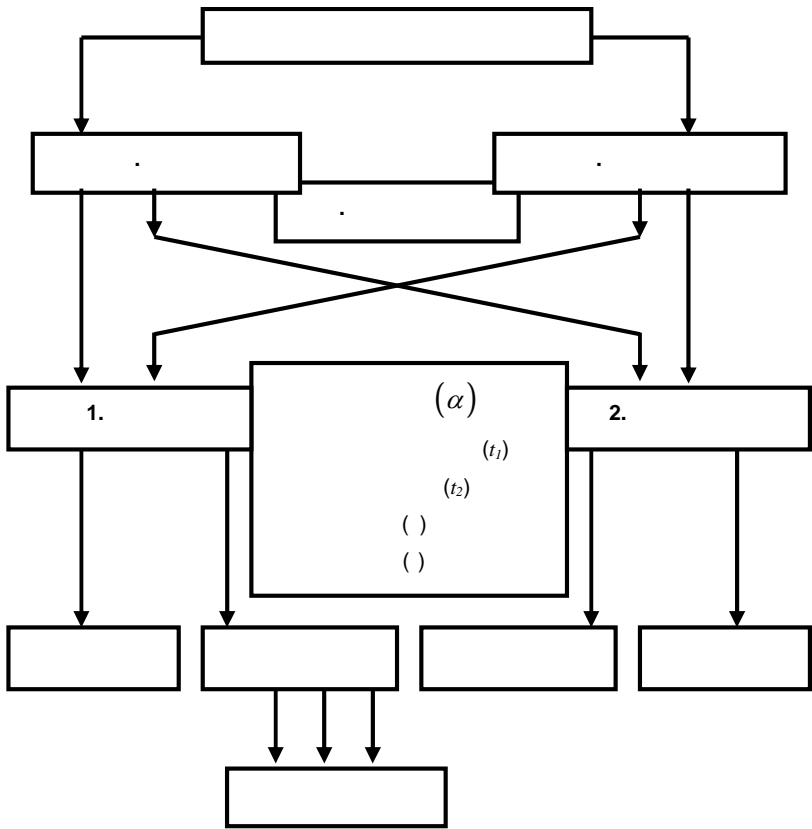
$m_i = \text{const}, m_i = \text{var}, m_i = g(P_{i-r}, P_{i+k}, \dots)$

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() -

. 1.1.1.



. 1.1.1

$(1, 2, A, \dots, \alpha, \beta)$
 (t_1)

2.

2.1.

(α)
 (β)
 (γ)
 (t_2)

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40- -

2.2.

1.

2.

2.1.

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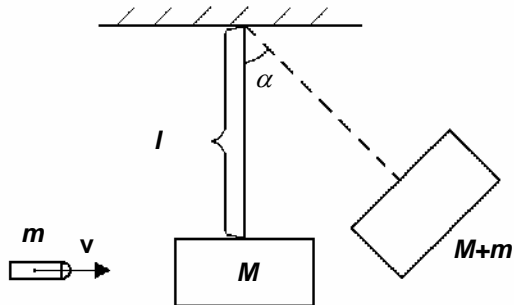
x, y, z t .

2.2.

2.3.

2.2.1.

(. 1.2.1).



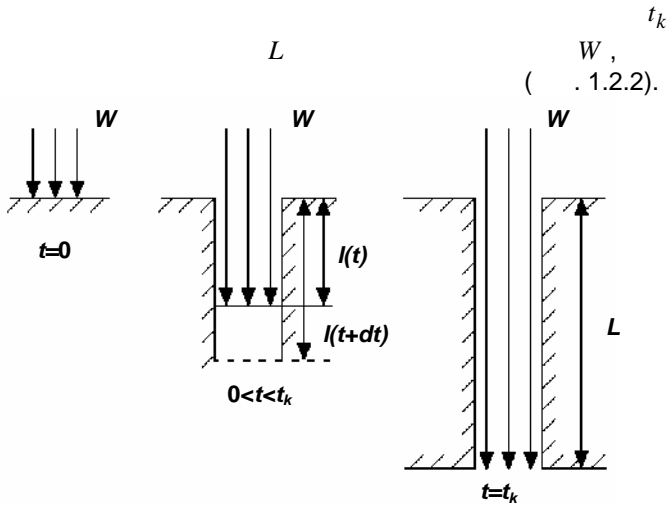
. 1.2.1

$$\frac{mv^2}{2} = (M + m) \frac{V^2}{2} = (M + m)gl(1 - \cos \alpha).$$

$\frac{mv^2}{2}$ — ; V — ; g — ; l — ; α — ; m , v ; M — ; l — ; α — ; v , , —

$$\frac{mv^2}{2} = (M + m)gl(1 - \cos \alpha),$$

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{2(M + m)gl(1 - \cos \alpha)}{m}},$$



$LS\rho$, S — , ; LS — ' ; ρ —

$$E_0 = Wt_k = hLS\rho, \quad (1.2.1)$$

h — , : $h = (T - T)h_1 + h_2 + h_3$, —

; T — ; h_1 — ; h_2 h_3 —

$l(t)$ —

t $t + dt$.

$$[l(t + dt) - l(t)]S\rho = dLS\rho$$

$dLS\rho h$,

Wdt ,

:

$$dLS\rho h = Wdt,$$

$$\frac{dl}{dt} = \frac{W}{S\rho h}. \quad (1.2.2)$$

:

$$l|_{t=0} = 0. \quad (1.2.3)$$

(1.2.2)

(1.2.3),

$$l(t) = \frac{W}{S\rho h} t = \frac{E(t)}{S\rho h}, \quad (1.2.4)$$

$E(t)$ — ,

t .

, $t = t_k$,

$$l(t_k) = L,$$

t_k

L

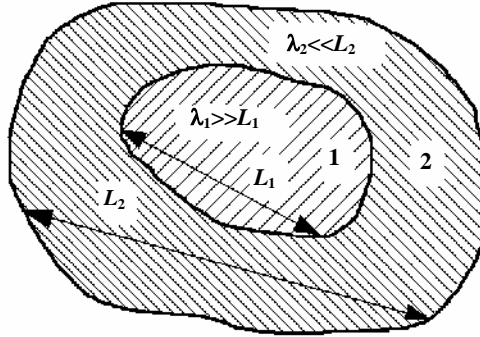
(1.2.1),

(1.2.4):

$$t_k = \frac{hLS\rho}{W}.$$

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 (), -
 (. 1.2.3).



. 1.2.3

1
 λ_1
 L_1 , $\lambda_1 \gg L_1$.
 2.
 $\lambda_2 \ll L_2$, $\lambda_2 -$
 $L_2 -$
 $t = 0$, $M_1(0)$ $M_2(0)$,

$$M_1(0) + M_2(0) = M_1(t) + M_2(t). \quad (1.2.5)$$

(1.2.5),
 $- M_1(t)$ $M_2(t)$.

$$\left(\frac{dN_1(t)}{dt} = -\alpha N_1(t) \right) \quad (1.2.6)$$

$$N_1(t+dt) - N_1(t) = -\alpha N_1(t + \xi dt), \quad (\alpha > 0, 0 < \xi < 1) \quad (1.2.6)$$

$$\lim_{dt \rightarrow 0} \frac{N_1(t + \xi dt) - N_1(t)}{dt} = -\alpha N_1(t) \quad (1.2.6)$$

$$\frac{dN_1(t)}{dt} = -\alpha N_1(t) \quad (1.2.6)$$

$$M_1(t) = \mu_1 N_1(t), \quad \mu_1 = \dots \quad (1.2.6)$$

$$\frac{dM_1(t)}{dt} = -\alpha M_1(t) \quad (1.2.7)$$

$$\lambda_1 \gg L_1, \quad \lambda_2 \ll L_2, \quad \alpha > 0 \quad (1.2.5) \quad (1.2.7)$$

$$\alpha, M_1(0), M_2(0) \quad (1.2.7)$$

$$\frac{dM_1(t)}{M_1(t)} = -\alpha dt \Rightarrow \ln M_1(t) = -\alpha t + \ln C \Rightarrow M_1(t) = C e^{-\alpha t}$$

$$t = 0 \Rightarrow M_1(0) = C,$$

$$M_1(t) = M_1(0) e^{-\alpha t}$$

$$t \rightarrow \infty \quad 1 \quad (1.2.5)$$

$$M_2(t) = M_2(0) + M_1(0) - M_1(0) e^{-\alpha t} =$$

$$= M_2(0) + M_1(0) (1 - e^{-\alpha t}),$$

$$t \rightarrow \infty \quad 1$$

... 8 / .

... u (dt) .

... $3-4$ /) .

... dm .

... t ,

$$m(t)v(t) = m(t+dt)v(t+dt) - dm[v(t+\xi dt) - u],$$

... ; $v(t+\xi dt) - u, 0 < \xi < 1$ -

... (

... $t+dt$, - , - dt .

$$m(t+dt) = m(t) + (dm/dt)dt + O((dt)^2),$$

$$v(t+dt) = v(t) + (dm/dt)dt + O((dt)^2),$$

$$m \frac{dv}{dt} = - \frac{dm}{dt} u, \tag{1.2.8}$$

$$- \frac{dm}{dt} u,$$

(1.2.8)

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = -u \frac{d(\ln m)}{dt} \tag{1.2.8}$$

$$((1.2.8) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{m} \left| m \frac{dv}{dt} = - \frac{dm}{dt} u \Rightarrow \frac{dv}{dt} = -u \frac{1}{m} \frac{dm}{dt} \Rightarrow \frac{dv}{dt} = -u \frac{d(\ln m)}{dt})$$

(1.2.8)

$$v(t) + C = -u(\ln m(t) + \ln B),$$

C B -

$$v(t) + C = -u \ln(Bm(t)).$$

(1.2.8)

(1.2.8)

$$: \quad t=0 \quad v = v_0; m = m_0, \quad v_0, m_0 -$$

$$t=0.$$

C

$v_0,$

$$B = \frac{1}{m_0}. \quad (1.2.8)$$

$$v(t) - v_0 = -u \ln\left(\frac{m(t)}{m_0}\right)$$

$t=0$

$$v(t) = v_0 + u \ln\left(\frac{m_0}{m(t)}\right). \quad (1.2.9)$$

$$v_0 = 0,$$

$$v = u \ln\left(\frac{m_0}{m_p + m_s}\right). \quad (1.2.10)$$

$$(1.2.10) \quad m_p -$$

$$(\quad); \quad m_s -$$

$$(1.2.10) -$$

$$\lambda = \frac{m_s}{m_0 - m_p}, \quad m_p = 0$$

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$$\lambda = 0,1$$

$$u = 3 \quad /$$

$$m_p = 0$$

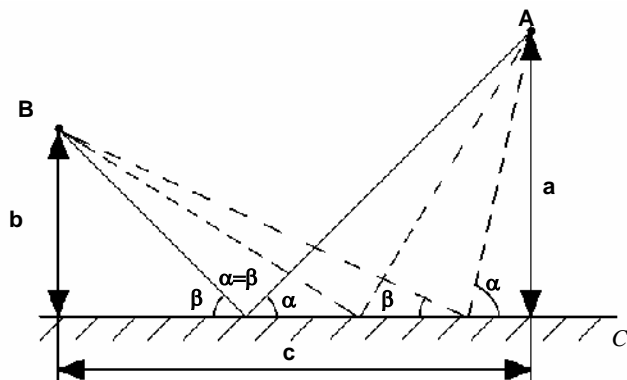
$$v = u \ln\left(\frac{1}{\lambda}\right) = 7 \quad / .$$

2.2.2.

(, (),)

v ,

. 1.2.4



. 1.2.4

$\alpha -$

:

$$t(\alpha) = \frac{a}{v \sin \alpha} + \frac{b}{v \sin \beta(\alpha)} .$$

$a, b -$
 $;$ $\beta(\alpha) -$

$$t(\alpha) \quad \alpha \quad ,$$

$$\left. \frac{dt(\alpha)}{d\alpha} \right|_{\alpha=\alpha_{ext}} = 0 ,$$

$$\frac{a \cos \alpha}{\sin^2 \alpha} + \frac{b \cos \beta(\alpha)}{\sin^2 \beta(\alpha)} \frac{d\beta}{d\alpha} = 0 . \quad (1.2.11)$$

$\alpha -$

$$c = \frac{a}{\operatorname{tg} \alpha} + \frac{b}{\operatorname{tg} \beta(\alpha)} , \quad (1.2.12)$$

$c -$

$$) . \quad (1.2.12),$$

$$\frac{a}{\sin^2 \alpha} + \frac{b}{\sin^2 \beta(\alpha)} \frac{d\beta}{d\alpha} = 0 , \quad (1.2.13)$$

$$(1.2.11) \quad (1.2.11) \quad (1.2.13))$$

$$\cos \alpha = \cos \beta(\alpha) ,$$

$\alpha \quad \beta .$

$$\alpha_{\min}, t_{\min}$$

$a, b, c .$

2.2.3.

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 :
 $N(t)$,
 $\alpha(t)$ $\beta(t)$.

$$\frac{dN(t)}{dt} = [\alpha(t) - \beta(t)]N(t), \quad (1.2.14)$$

$\alpha < \beta$ ($\alpha - \beta -$).

(1.2.14) :

$$(1.2.14) \Rightarrow \frac{dN(t)}{N(t)} = [\alpha(t) - \beta(t)]dt \Rightarrow$$

$$\ln N(t) = \int_{t_0}^t [\alpha(z) - \beta(z)]dz + \ln C \Rightarrow$$

$$\ln \frac{N(t)}{C} = \int_{t_0}^t [\alpha(z) - \beta(z)]dz \Rightarrow$$

$$N(t) = C \exp\left(\int_{t_0}^t [\alpha(z) - \beta(z)]dz\right).$$

$$C = N(0) = N_0, \quad N_0$$

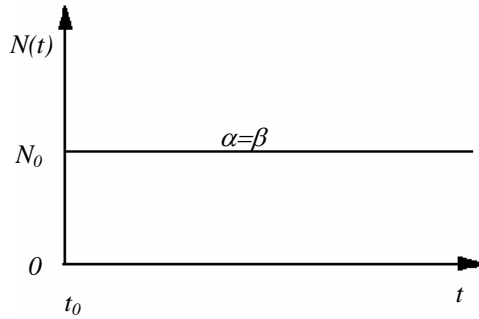
(1.2.14) :

$$N(t) = N_0 \exp\left(\int_{t_0}^t [\alpha(z) - \beta(z)]dz\right). \quad (1.2.15)$$

$$(1.2.15). \quad \alpha = \beta$$

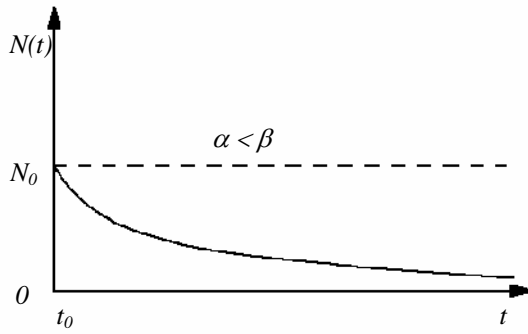
$$(1.2.14)$$

$$N(t) = N_0 \quad (1.2.5).$$

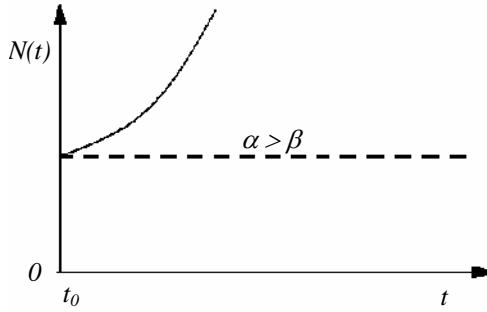


. 1.2.5

$\alpha = \beta$
 $N(t) = N_0$
 $\alpha < \beta$
 $t \rightarrow \infty$
 $N(t) = N_0 e^{(\alpha - \beta)t}$ ($\alpha - \beta < 0$)
 (. 1.2.6), $\alpha > \beta$ ($\alpha - \beta > 0$),
 (. 1.2.7), $t \rightarrow \infty$.
 “ ”
 (“ ”)



. 1.2.6



. 1.2.7

2.2.4.

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2.2.1,

$$m_i - \dots; \lambda m_i - \dots (1-\lambda)m_i); m_p \lambda$$

u

$$n=3.$$

$$m_0 = m_p + m_1 + m_2 + m_3.$$

$$m_p + \lambda m_1 + m_2 + m_3.$$

$$(1.2.10)$$

$$v = u \ln\left(\frac{m_0}{m_p + m_s}\right)$$

$$v_1 = u \ln\left(\frac{m_0}{m_p + \lambda m_1 + m_2 + m_3}\right).$$

v_1

λm_1

$$m_p + m_2 + m_3.$$

$$v_1). (1.2.10)$$

$$v_2 = v_1 + u \ln\left(\frac{m_p + m_2 + m_3}{m_p + \lambda m_2 + m_3}\right).$$

$$v_3 = v_2 + u \ln\left(\frac{m_p + m_3}{m_p + \lambda m_3}\right).$$

$$n=3$$

$$\frac{v_3}{u} = \ln\left\{\left(\frac{m_0}{m_p + \lambda m_1 + m_2 + m_3}\right)\left(\frac{m_p + m_2 + m_3}{m_p + \lambda m_2 + m_3}\right)\left(\frac{m_p + m_3}{m_p + \lambda m_3}\right)\right\}$$

$$\alpha_1 = \frac{m_0}{m_p + m_2 + m_3}, \quad \alpha_2 = \frac{m_p + m_2 + m_3}{m_p + m_3}, \quad \alpha_3 = \frac{m_p + m_3}{m_p},$$

$$\frac{v_3}{u} = \ln\left\{\left(\frac{\alpha_1}{1 + \lambda(\alpha_1 - 1)}\right)\left(\frac{\alpha_2}{1 + \lambda(\alpha_2 - 1)}\right)\left(\frac{\alpha_3}{1 + \lambda(\alpha_3 - 1)}\right)\right\}.$$

$$\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3,$$

$$\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = \alpha_3 = \alpha. \quad =3,$$

$$\alpha = \frac{1 - \lambda}{P - \lambda}, \quad P = e^{-\frac{v_3}{3u}}.$$

$$\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \alpha_3 = \alpha^3,$$

$$\frac{m_0}{m_p},$$

$$\alpha^3 = \frac{m_0}{m_p} = \left(\frac{1 - \lambda}{P - \lambda}\right)^3.$$

$$\frac{m_0}{m_p} = \left(\frac{1 + \lambda}{P - \lambda}\right)^n, \quad P = e^{-\frac{v_n}{nu}}, \quad (1.2.16)$$

$n -$

$$(1.2.16). \quad v_n = 10,5 \quad / \quad , \lambda = 0,1.$$

$n = 2,3,4$

$$m_0 = 149m_p, \quad m_0 = 77m_p, \quad m_0 = 65m_p$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} 149 \\ 77 \\ 65 \end{array} \right).$$

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λ_1

L_1 (

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3.

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4.

$t=0$)

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5.

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6.